

COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

DESCRIPTION

Microsemi offers a series of PIN diodes specifically designed and characterized for solid state antenna switches in commercial two-way radios. Antenna switches using the UM9401 and UM9415 series PIN diodes provide high isolation, low loss and low distortion characteristics formerly possible only with electromechanical relay type switches.

The UM9401 and the UM9402 diodes can handle 100 W of transmitter power, while

The UM9415 will handle over 1000 W. The extensive characterization of these PIN diodes in antenna switch applications has resulted in guaranteed low distortion specifications under transmit and receive conditions. These diodes also feature low forward bias resistance and high zero bias impedance which are required for low loss, high isolation and wide bandwidth antenna switch performance.

KEY FEATURES

- High transmitter power
 UM9401/UM9402 => 100 W
 UM9415 => 1000 W
- Low harmonic distortion
- Low third order distortion
- High carrier lifetime
- Non cavity design
- Thermally matched configuration
- Low capacitance at 0 V bias
- Low conductance at 0 V bias
- Compatible with automatic insertion equipment

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com

	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM (UNLESS OTHER)			;
Package	Condition	UM9401	UM9402	UM9415
Reverse Voltage	@ Ir = 10 uA	50 V	50 V	50 V
Average Power	½ in. total length to 25 °C Contact	5.5 W		10 W
Dissipation (P _A)	25 °C (Package Flange Temperature Free Air	1.5 W	10 W	2.5 W

APPLICATIONS/BENEFITS

- Isolated stud package available
- Surface mount package available

_

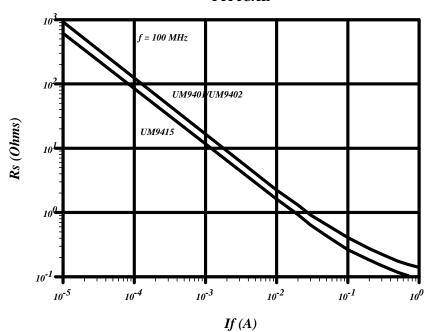


COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

			UM9	401/UN	19402		UM9415	5	Units
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reverse Current	I _R	Vr = 50 V	10			10			uA
Series Resistance	R_S	If = 50 mA, F= 100 MHz	1.0			1.0			Ohm
Capacitance	Ст	$V_R = 0 V, F = 100 MH_Z$	1.5			4			pF
Parallel Resistance	R_P	V _R = 0 V, F = 100 MHz	5k			1k			Ohms
Carrier Lifetime	τ	I _F = 10 mA	2.0			5.0			us
Forward Voltage	Vf	If = 50 mA	1.0			1.0			V
Transmit Harmonic Distortion	R _{2A} /A R _{3A} /A	Pin = 50 W f = 50 MHz, If = 50 mA	80			80			-dB
Receive Third Order Distortion	R _{2AB} /A	Pin = 10 W, 0 V Bias f_A = 50 MHz, f_B = 51 MHz	60			60			-dB

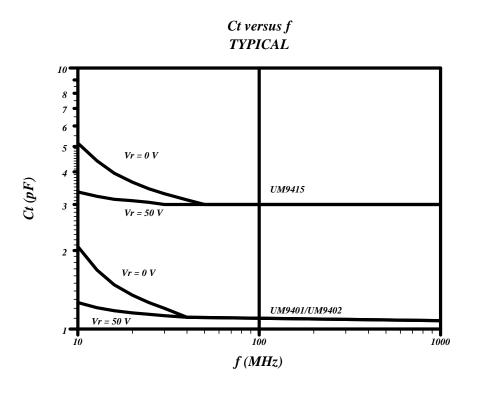
Rs versus If TYPICAL

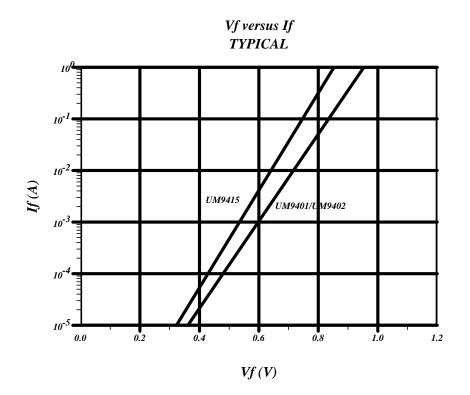




COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

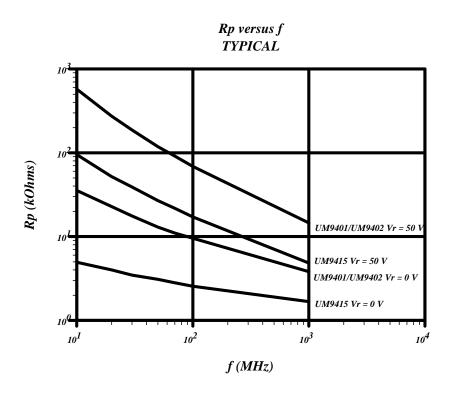


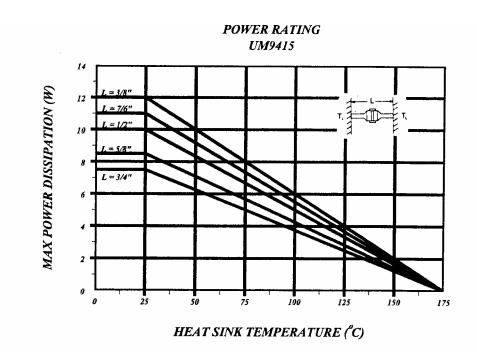




COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

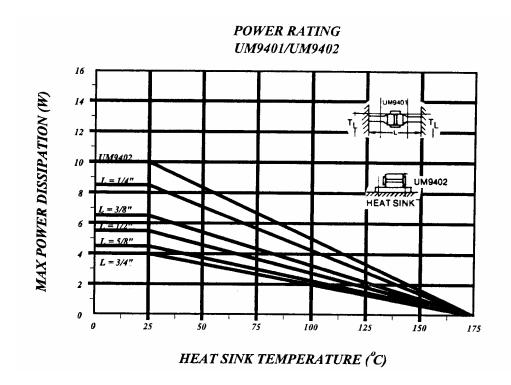




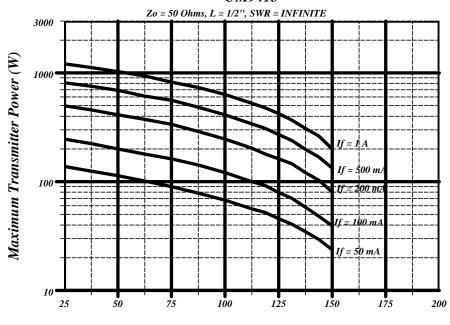


COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES



MAXIMUM TRANSMITTER POWER UM9415



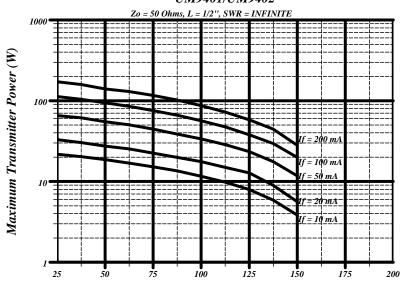
Lead Temperature (°C)



COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

MAXIMUM TRANSMITTER POWER UM9401/UM9402



Lead Temperature (°C)



COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

The maximum CW transmitter power, $P_{T(max)}$, a PIN diode antenna switch can handle depends on the diode resistance, R_S , power dissipation, P_D , antennae SWR, σ , and the nominal impedance, Z_O . The expression is as follows:

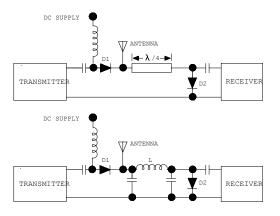
Characteristic curves are shown in the data section which gives both the maximum and typical diode resistance, R_S as a function of forward current. The maximum power dissipation rating of the PIN diode depends both on the length of the diode leads and the temperature of the contacts to which the leads are connected. A graph defining the maximum power dissipation at various combinations of overall lead length (L) and lead temperature (T_L) is given in the data section. From these curves and the above equation, the power handling capability of the PIN diode may be computed for a specific application.

Curves are also presented which show the maximum transmitter power that an antenna switch using UM9401s and UM9415s can safely handle for various forward currents and lead temperatures. These curves are based on a typical design condition of a ½ in. total overall lead length, $50~\Omega$ line impedance, and a totally mismatched antenna ($\sigma = \infty$). For the case of a perfectly matched antenna, the maximum transmitter power can be increased by a factor of 4.

Design Information

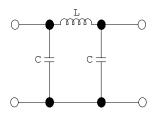
A circuit configuration for a two-way radio antenna switch using PIN diodes consists of a diode placed in series with the transmitter and a shunt diode placed a quarter wavelength from the antenna in the direction of the receiver as shown. For low frequency operation, the quarter wave line may be simulated by lumped elements. Typical performance of antenna switches using PIN diodes forward biased at 100 mA is less than 0.2 dB insertion loss and 30 dB isolation during transmit; at zero bias the receive insertion loss

is less than 0.3 dB. This performance is achievable across a ± 20 % bandwidth at center frequencies ranging from 10 to 500 MHz.



$$L = Z_O / 2 \pi f_O$$
 (H)

$$C = 1/2 \pi f_0 Z_0$$
 (F)

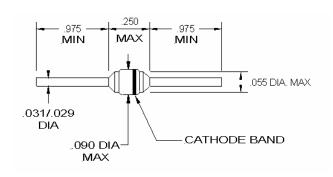




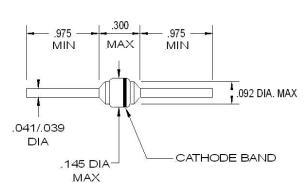
COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

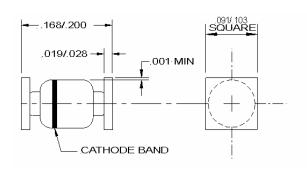
STYLE "UM9401B"



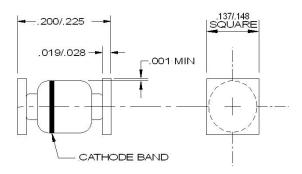
STYLE "UM9415B"



STYLE "UM9401SM"



STYLE "UM9415SM"

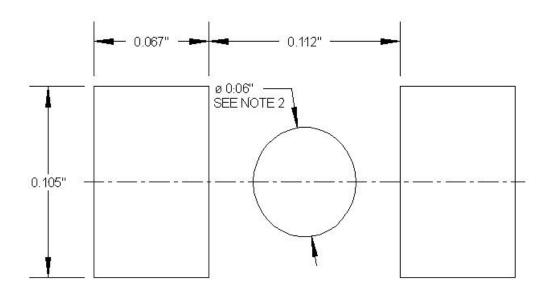




COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

UM9401 STYLE "SM" FOOTPRINT



ASIZE (STANDARD SMALL

- NOTES:

 1. These dimensions will match the terminals and provide for additional solder fillets at the outboard at least as wide as the terminals themselves, assuming accuracy of placement within 0.005"

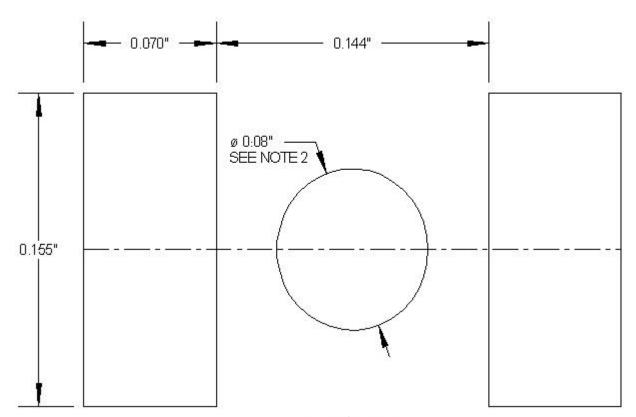
 2. If the mounting method chosen requires use of an adhesive separate from the solder compound, a round (or square) spot of cement as shown should be centrally located.

UM9415 STYLE "SM" FOOTPRINT



COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES



B SIZE (STANDARD LARGE SQUARE END CAP OUTLINE)

NOTES:

- 1: THESE DIMENSIONS WILL MATCH THE TERMINALS AND PROVIDE FOR ADDITIONAL SOLDER FILLETS AT THE OUTBOARD ENDS AT LEAST AS WIDE AS THE TERMINALS THEMSELVES, ASSUMING ACCURACY OF DEVICE PLACEMENT WITHIN 0.005".
- 2: IF THE MOUNTING METHOD CHOSEN REQUIRES USE OF AN ADHESIVE SEPARATE FROM THE SOLDER COMPOUND, A ROUND(OR SQUARE) SPOT OF CEMENT AS SHOWN SHOULD BE CENTRALLY LOCATED.



COMMERCIAL TWO-WAY RADIO

ANTENNA SWITCH DIODES

NOTES
