

March 1993

FM IF System

Features

- For FM IF Amplifier Applications in High-Fidelity, Automotive, and Communications Receivers
- Includes: IF Amplifier, Quadrature Detector, AF Preamplifier, and Specific Circuits for AGC, AFC, Muting (Squelch), and Tuning Meter
- Exceptional Limiting Sensitivity 12 μ V (Typ.)
at -3dB Point
- Low Distortion: (with Double-Tuned Coil) - 0.1% (Typ.)
- Single-Coil Tuning Capability
- High Recovered Audio 400mV (Typ.)
- Provides Specific Signal for Control of Interchannel Muting (Squelch)
- Provides Specific Signal for Direct Drive of a Tuning Meter
- Provides Delayed AGC Voltage for RF Amplifier
- Provides a Specific Circuit for Flexible AFC
- Internal Supply-Voltage Regulators

Description

Harris CA3089 is a monolithic integrated circuit that provides all the functions of a comprehensive FM-IF system. The block diagram shows the CA3089 features, which include a three-stage FM-IF amplifier/limiter configuration with level detectors for each stage, a doubly-balanced quadrature FM detector and an audio amplifier that features the optional use of a muting (squelch) circuit.

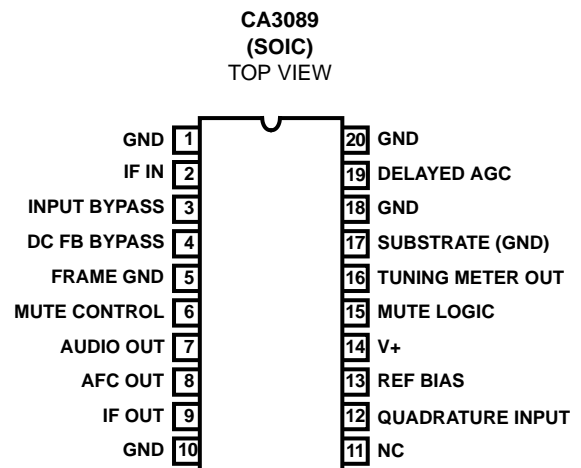
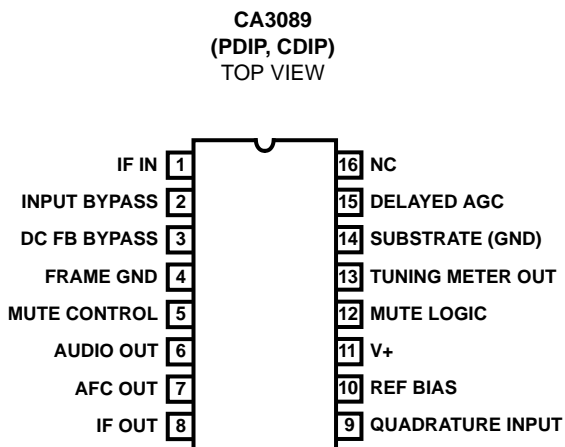
The advanced circuit design of the IF system includes desirable deluxe features such as delayed AGC for the RF tuner, and AFC drive circuit, and an output signal to drive a tuning meter and/or provide stereo switching logic. In addition, internal power supply regulators maintain a nearly constant current drain over the voltage supply range of +8.5V to +16 V.

The CA3089 is ideal for high-fidelity operation. Distortion in a CA3089 FM-IF System is primarily a function of the phase linearity characteristic of the outboard detector coil.

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE
CA3089E	-40°C to +85°C	16 Lead Plastic DIP
CA3089F	-40°C to +85°C	16 Lead Ceramic DIP
CA3089M1	-40°C to +85°C	20 Lead SOIC

Pinouts



Specifications CA3089

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage	
Between V+ and Frame GND	16V
Between V+ and Substrate GND	16V
DC Current (Out of Delayed AGC)	2mA
Power Dissipation	
Up to $T_A = +60^\circ\text{C}$	600mW
Above $T_A = +60^\circ\text{C}$	Derate Linearly 6.7mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	+175 $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature (Plastic Package)	+150 $^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 Sec.)	+300 $^\circ\text{C}$

Operating Conditions

Operating Temperature Range	$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$-65^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^\circ\text{C}$

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

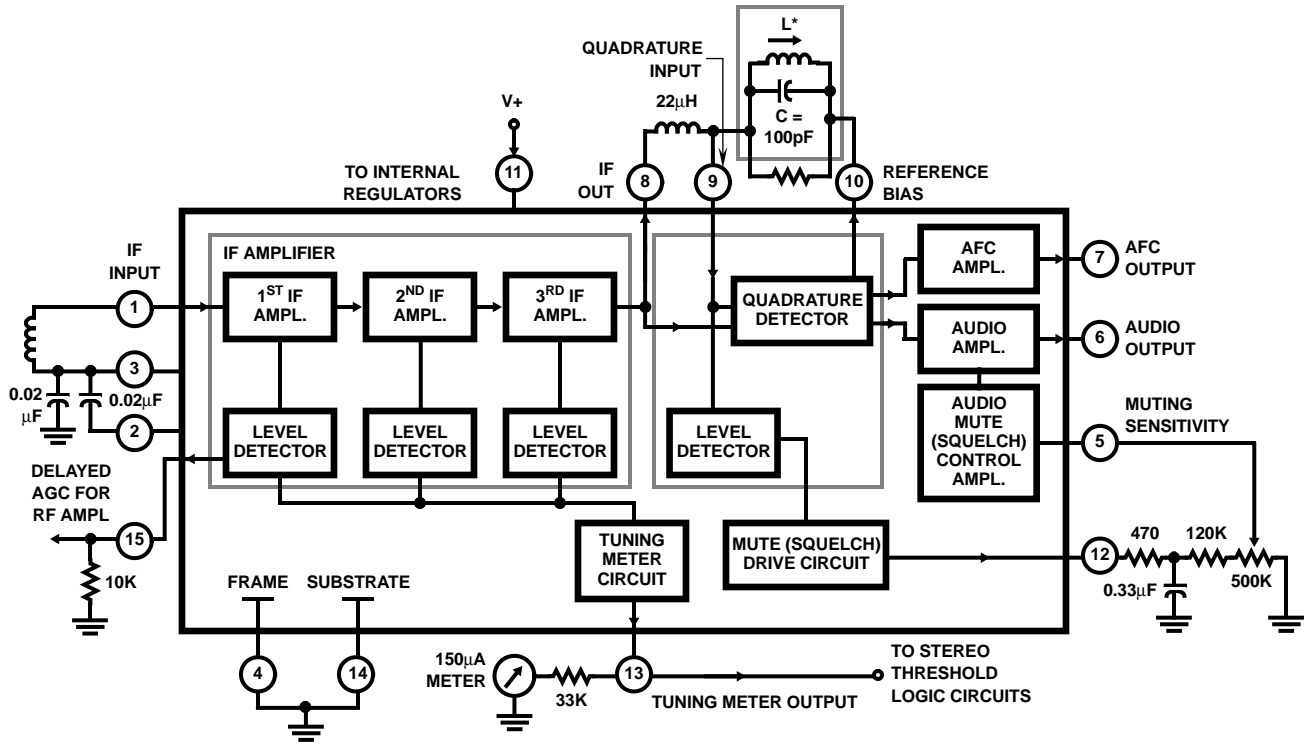
Electrical Specifications $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_+ = 12\text{V}$ (See Figures 3 and 4)

PARAMETERS (Note 2)	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNITS
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
STATIC (DC) CHARACTERISTICS					
Quiescent Circuit Current	No signal input, Non muted	16	23	30	mA
DC Voltages:					
Terminal 1 (IF Input)		1.2	1.9	2.4	V
Terminal 2 (AC Return to Input)		1.2	1.9	2.4	V
Terminal 3 (DC Bias to Input)		1.2	1.9	2.4	V
Terminal 6 (Audio Output)		5.0	5.6	6.0	V
Terminal 10 (DC Reference)		5.0	5.6	6.0	V
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Input Limiting Voltage (-3dB point), V_1 (lim)	-		12	25	μV
AM Rejection (Term. 6), AMR	$V_{IN} = 0.1\text{V}$, AM Mod. = 30%		55	-	dB
Recovered AF Voltage (Term. 6) V_O (AF)	$V_{IN} = 0.1\text{V}$	300	400	500	mV
Total Harmonic Distortion, THD: (Note 1)					
Single Tuned (Term. 6)		-	0.5	1.0	%
Double Tuned (Term. 6)		-	0.1	-	%
Signal plus Noise to Noise Ratio (Term. 6)		60	67	-	dB

NOTES:

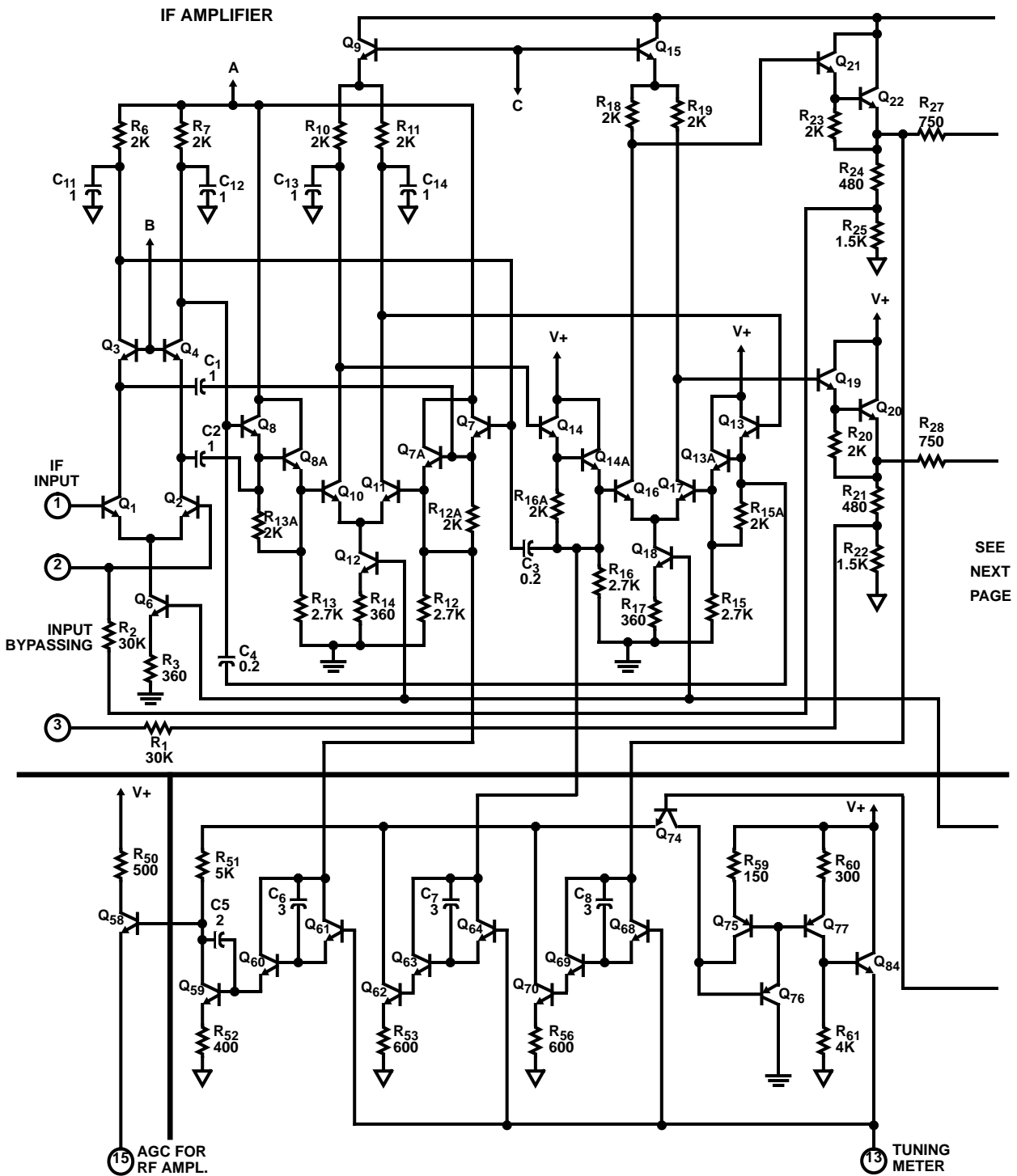
1. THD characteristics are essentially a function of the phase characteristics of the network connected between terminals 8, 9, and 10.
2. Terminal numbers refer to 16 pin DIP.

Block Diagram



All resistance values are in Ω
 *L Tunes with 100pF (C) at 10.7MHz
 $Q_0 \cong 75$ (G.I. EX22741 or equivalent)
 Pin numbers refer to 16 pin DIP

Schematic Diagram

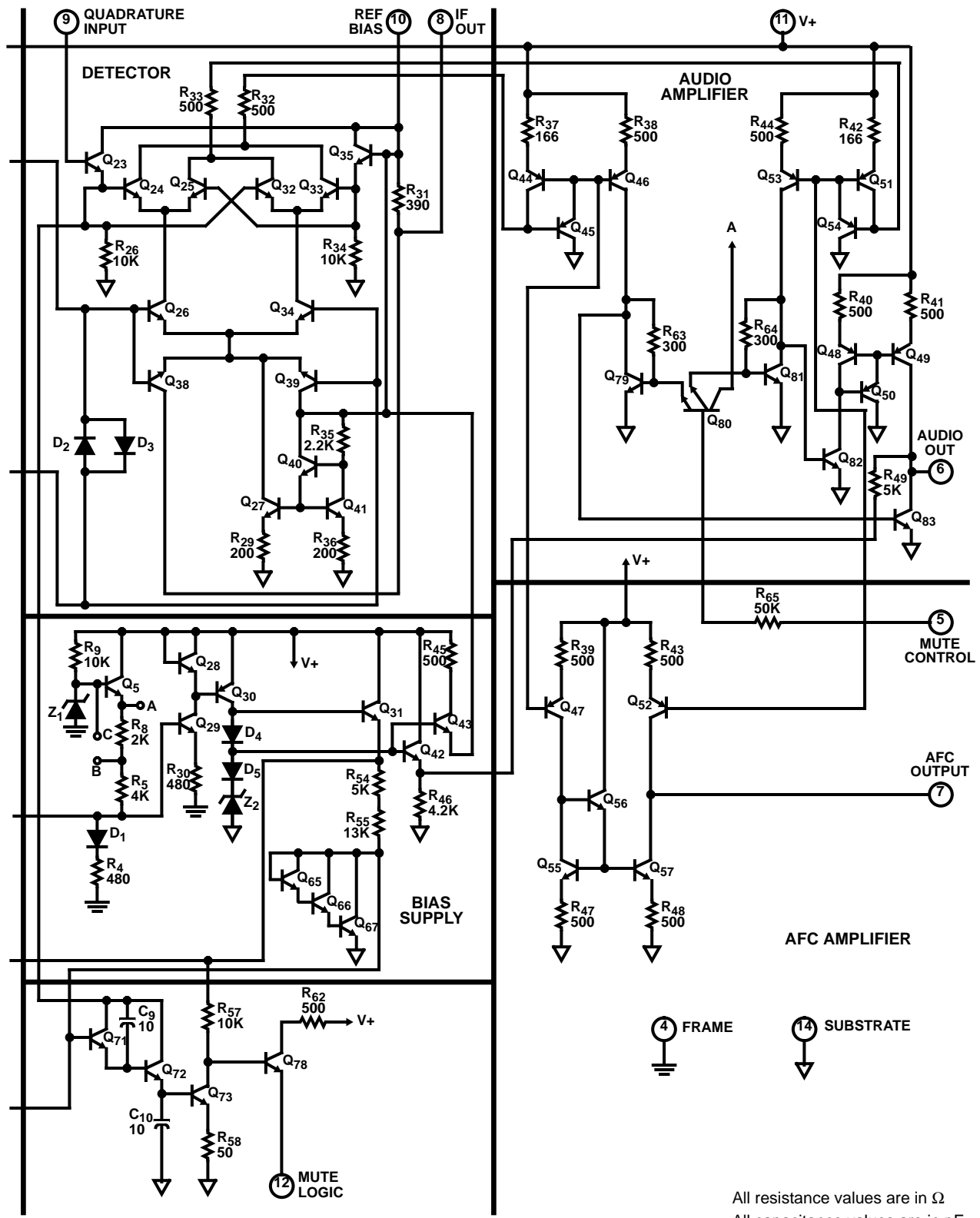


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Pin numbers refer to 16 pin DIP

LEVEL DETECTOR & METER CIRCUIT

Schematic Diagram (Continued)



All resistance values are in Ω
 All capacitance values are in pF
 Pin numbers refer to 16 pin DIP

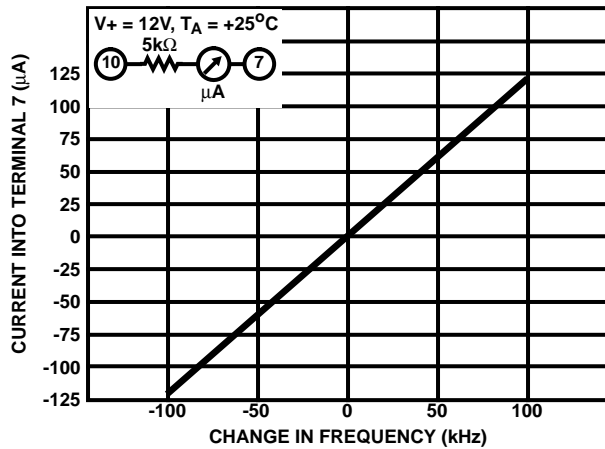


FIGURE 1. AFC CHARACTERISTICS (CURRENT AT TERM. 7) AS A FUNCTION OF CHANGE IN FREQUENCY. (SEE TEST CIRCUIT FIGURE 3.)

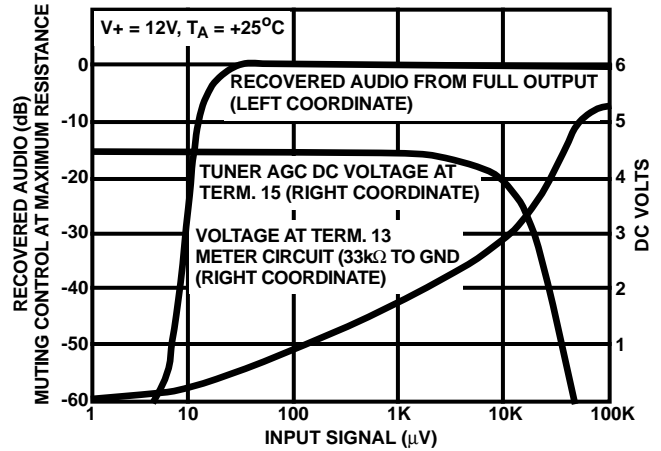
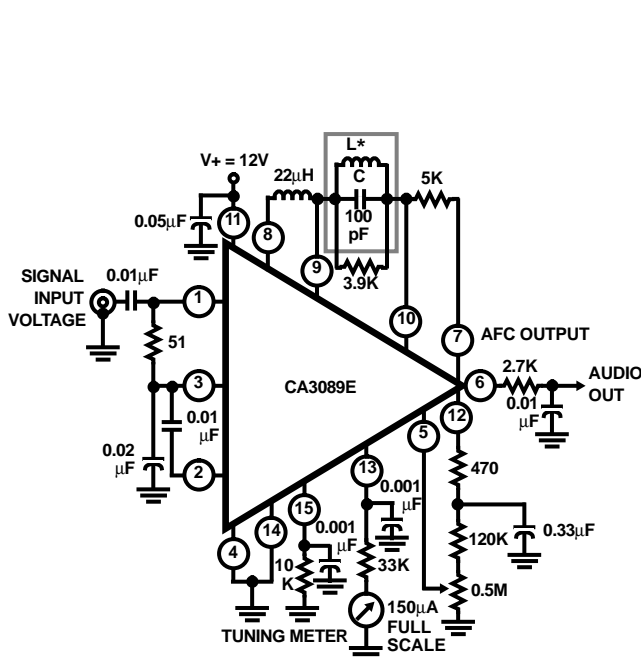
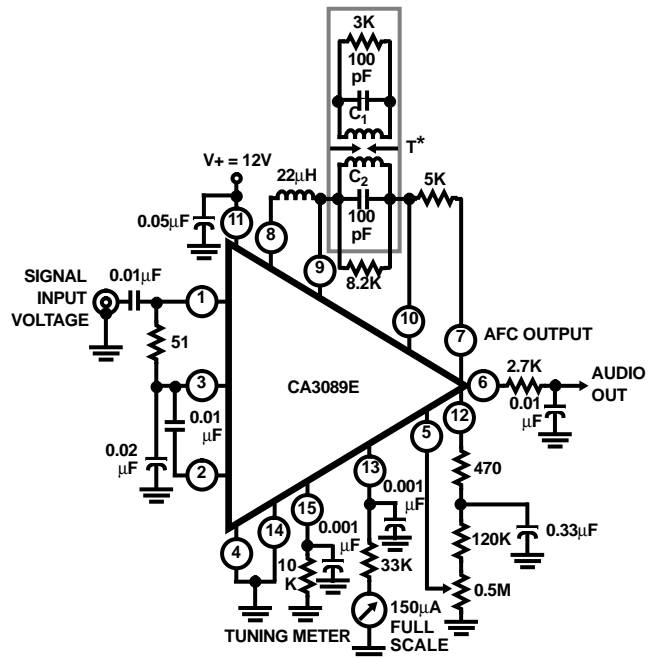


FIGURE 2. MUTING ACTION, TUNER AGC, AND TUNING METER OUTPUT AS A FUNCTION OF INPUT SIGNAL VOLTAGE. (SEE TEST CIRCUIT FIGURE 3.)



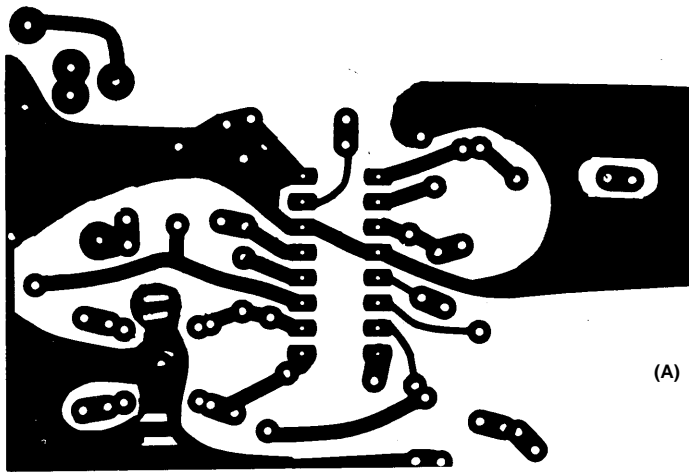
All resistance values are in Ω
 * L tunes with 100pF (C) at 10.7MHz
 Q₀ (unloaded) ≅ 75 (G.I. Automatic Mfg. Div. EX22741 or equivalent)

FIGURE 3. TEST CIRCUIT FOR CA3089E USING A SINGLE-TUNED DETECTOR COIL.

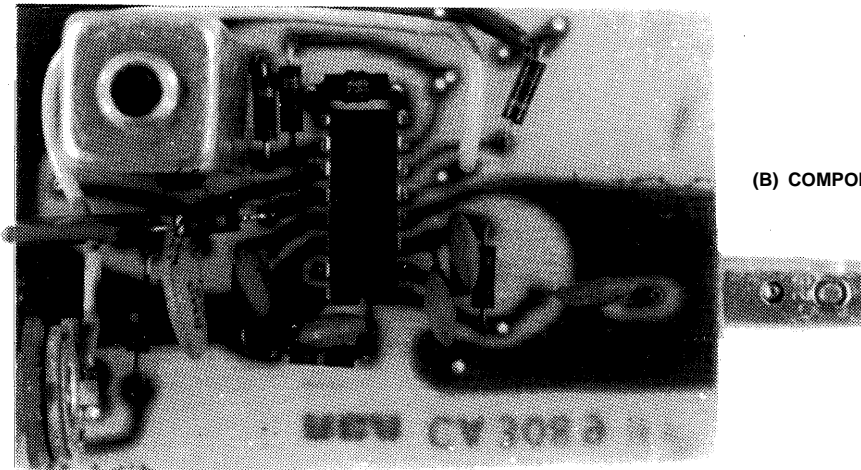


All resistance values are in Ω
 * T PRI. - Q₀ (unloaded) ≅ 75 (tunes with 100pF (C₁) 20↑ of 34e on 7/32" dia. form)
 SEC. - Q₀ (unloaded) ≅ 75 (tunes with 100pF (C₂) 20↑ of 34e on 7/32" dia. form)
 kQ (percent of critical coupling) ≅ 70%
 (Adjusted for coil voltage V_C) = 150mV
 Above values permit proper operation of mute (squench) circuit "E" type slugs, spacing 4mm.

FIGURE 4. TEST CIRCUIT FOR CA3089E USING A DOUBLE-TUNED DETECTOR COIL.

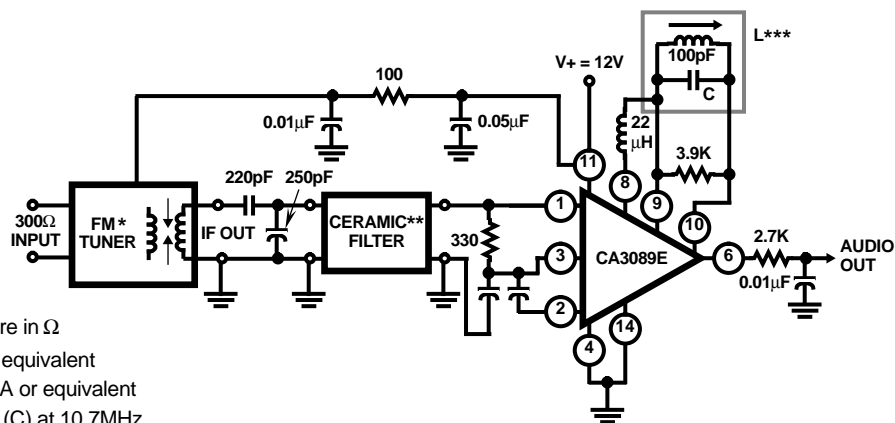


(A) BOTTOM VIEW OF PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD



(B) COMPONENT SIDE - TOP VIEW

FIGURE 5. ACTUAL SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE CA3089E & OUTBOARD COMPONENTS MOUNTED ON A PRINTED-CIRCUIT BOARD.



All resistance values are in Ω

* Waller 4SN3FIC or equivalent

** Murata SFG 10.7mA or equivalent

*** L tunes with 100pF (C) at 10.7MHz

Q_0 unloaded $\cong 75$ (G.I. EX22741 or equivalent)

Performance data at $f_0 = 98\text{MHz}$, $f_{\text{MOD}} = 400\text{Hz}$, Deviation $= \pm 75\text{kHz}$:

-3dB Limiting Sensitivity $2\mu\text{V}$ (Antenna Level)

20dB Quieting Sensitivity $1\mu\text{V}$ (Antenna Level)

30dB Quieting Sensitivity $1.5\mu\text{V}$ (Antenna Level)

FIGURE 6. TYPICAL FM TUNER USING THE CA3089E WITH A SINGLE TUNED DETECTOR COIL

ZF-System für Breitband-FM

Grenzwerte

Parameter	Kurzzeichen	min.	max.	Einheit
Betriebsspannung	U_B		16	V
Gesamtverlustleistung	P_{tot}			
bis $\partial_A = 60^\circ\text{C}$			600	mW
ab $\partial_A = 60^\circ\text{C}$			600 mW – 6,7 mW/K	
Lagertemperatur	∂_S	-65	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Kennwerte ($U_B = +12\text{ V}$, $f_e = 10,7\text{ MHz}$, $f_{mod} = 400\text{ Hz}$, $\partial_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Kurzzeichen	min.	typ.	max.	Einheit
Ruhestromaufnahme	I_{B0}	16	23	30	mA
Gleichspannungen	U_X				
an Pin 1, 2 und 3		1,2	1,9	2,4	V
Pin 6 und 10		5	5,6	6	V
-3-dB-Kompressionspunkt			12	25	mV
AM-Unterdrückung	D_{AM}				
bei $U_e = 100\text{ mV}$ und $m = 30\%$		45	55		dB
Klirrfaktor	k				
bei einfacher Abstimmung			0,5	1	%
bei zweifacher Abstimmung			0,1		%
Signal-Rausch-Verhältnis	(S + N)/N	60	67		dB
Umgebungstemperatur		-40		85	$^\circ\text{C}$

Kurzcharakteristik

- monolithisch integrierter Schaltkreis mit allen Funktionseinheiten eines umfangreichen ZF-Systems
- ZF-Verstärkerstufen, Quadratur-demodulator, NF-Vorverstärker und spezielle Schaltungen für AGC, AFC, Stummschaltung sowie Abstimm-anzeige
- hervorragende Empfindlichkeit
- geringe Verzerrungen
- gute AM-Unterdrückung
- Signalausgänge für Squelch-Steuerung, Abstimm-anzeige-Instrument, verzögerte AGC-Steuerung sowie flexible AFC
- interne Betriebsspannungs-stabilisierung
- Lieferung in drei Gehäusevarianten: PDIP (CA 3089E), CDIP (CA 3089F) und SOIC (CA 3089M1)

Anschlußbelegungen

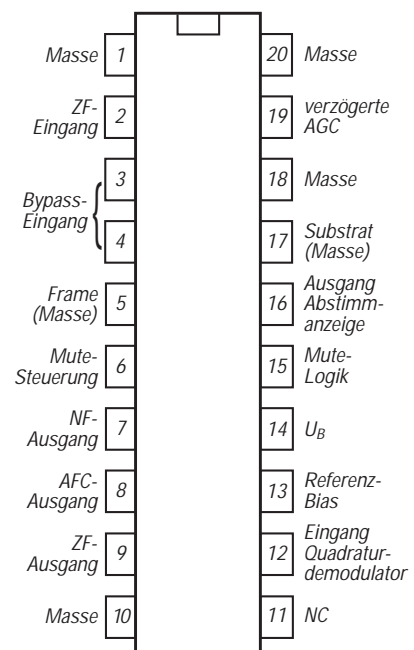
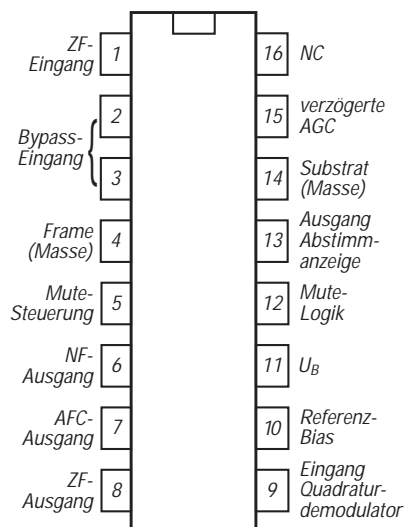


Bild 1: Pinbelegung der 16poligen Gehäuse PDIP und CDIP

Bild 2: Pinbelegung beim Gehäuse SOIC

Interner Aufbau und typische Außenbeschriftung

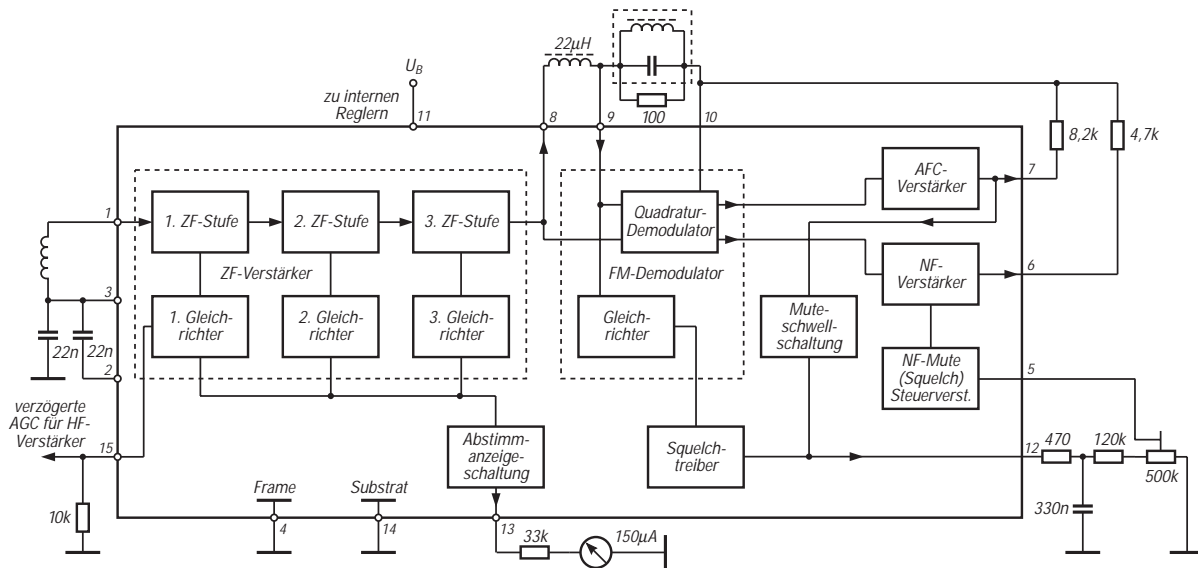


Bild 3: Innenaufbau und grundsätzliche externe Beschriftung des ZF-Systems

Wichtige Diagramme

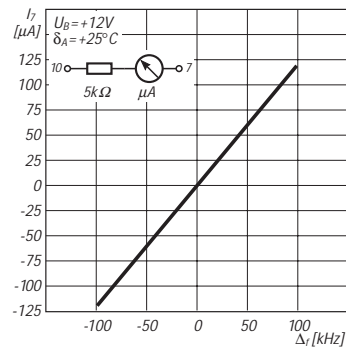


Bild 4: Der Strom in Pin 7 als Funktion der Frequenzänderung beschreibt die AFC-Charakteristik des integrierten ZF-Systems.

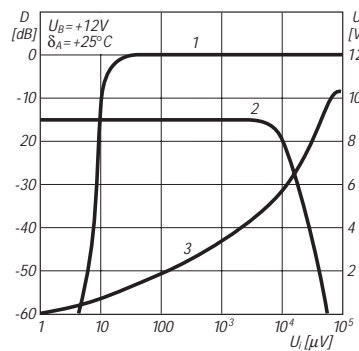


Bild 5: Wiederhergestelltes Audiosignal (1), AGC-Gleichspannung an Pin 15 (2) und Spannung für die Abstimm-anzeige an Pin 13 (3) als Funktion der Eingangsspannung des ZF-Schaltkreises

Typische Applikationsschaltung

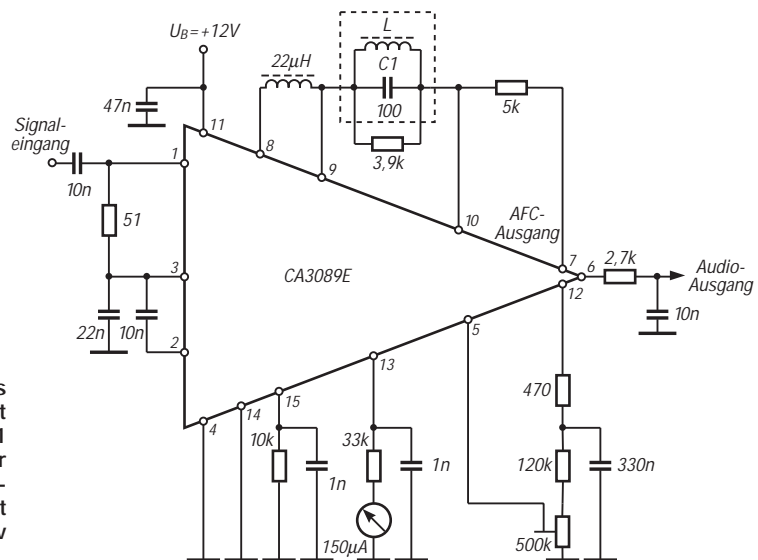


Bild 6: Test- und Einsatzschaltung des integrierten ZF-Systems CA 3089E mit einfacher Abstimmung durch L und C1 für 10,7 MHz ZF. Die Leerlaufgüte der Spule sollte bei 75 liegen. Für die zweifache Abstimmung wird ein weiterer, mit 3 k Ω bedämpfter Kreis mit L induktiv gekoppelt.