

# PTC thermistors for degaussing

**Dual PTC thermistors** 

Series/Type: B59\*\*\* Date: March 2006

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#### **Dual PTC thermistors**

## Applications

Degaussing of picture tubes

## Features

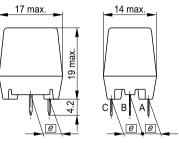
- Two PTC thermistors in a plastic case (3-pin)
- Low residual current through coil due to double PTC configuration
- Marked with manufacturer's logo, type designation and date code
- Flame-retardant case material (UL 94 V-0)
- Solderability to IEC 60068-2-20 (test t<sub>a</sub>, methode 1)
- Stable performance throughout a large number of switching cycles owing to clamp contacting
- VDE approval for T209, T709, T104, T704, T108, T608 and T250 (license number 128911)
- UL approval for T705 and T709 to UL 1434 (file number E69802)
- CECC 60738-1-3-001 approval
- RoHS-compatible

## **Delivery mode**

Packed in blister trays

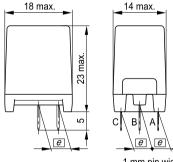
## Dimensional drawings

Thermoplast housing for type: T104, T108, T209, T250



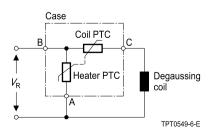
1 mm pin width TPT0661-V-E

Phenolic resin (Duroplast) housing for type: T608, T704, T705, T709



1 mm pin width TPT0666-2-E

## **Circuit diagram**



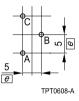


## **Dual PTC thermistors**

#### Hole arrangement A



## Hole arrangement B



## General technical data

Max. operating voltage		V <sub>max</sub>	270	VAC
Rated voltage		V <sub>R</sub>	230	VAC
Operating temperature range	(V = 0)	T <sub>op</sub>	-25/+125	°C
Operating temperature range	$(V = V_R)$	T <sub>op</sub>	0/+60	°C

## Electrical specifications and ordering codes

Type	R <sub>B</sub>	R <sub>coil</sub>	I <sub>in,coil</sub>	I <sub>r.coil</sub>	Housing <sup>1)</sup>	Decav <sup>2)</sup>	Ordering code
. )   0	· •n	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(0 s)	$(180 \text{ s}) (\text{V} = \text{V}_{\text{B}},$	reasing	2000	er dennig ee de
			()	$25 \text{ °C} \leq \text{T}_{op} \leq 60 \text{ °C}$			
	Ω	Ω	$A_{pp}$	mA <sub>pp</sub>			
Hole arrangement = A							
T209	9	≥ 20	≥ 18	≤ 8	Т	SD	B59209T0080A010
T709	9	≥ 14	≥24	≤ <b>4</b>	D	LD	B59709T0060A110
T704	14	≥ 10	≥ 25	≤ 4	D	LD	B59704T0080A110
T108	18	≥ 10	≥ 20	≤ 4	Т	SD	B59108T0080A010
T608	18	≥ 10	≥ 20	≤ 3	D	LD	B59608T0080A110
T250	28	≥ 25	≥ 10	≤ 4	Т	-	B59250T0080A010
Hole arrangement = B							
T705	4.5	≥ 20	≥24	≤ 5	D	-	B59705T0060B110
T209	9	≥ 20	≥ 18	≤ 8	Т	SD	B59209T0080B110
T709	9	≥ 14	≥24	≤ 4	D	LD	B59709T0060B110
T104	14	≥ 10	≥ 25	≤7	Т	SD	B59104T0080B010
T108	18	≥ 10	≥ 20	≤ 4	Т	SD	B59108T0080B010
T608	18	≥ 10	≥ 20	≤ 3	D	LD	B59608T0080B110

1) T: Thermoplast housing; D: Phenolic resin (Duroplast) housing

2) SD: Standard decay behavior; LD: Long decay behavior



# **Dual PTC thermistors**

# Reliability data

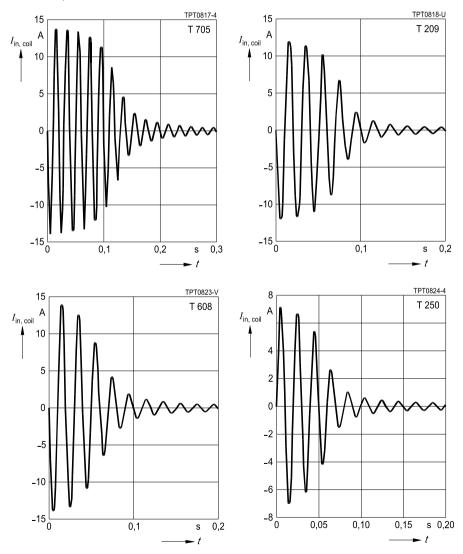
Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, V <sub>max;</sub> R <sub>S</sub>	< 20%
cycling		Number of cycles: 10 000	
Electrical endurance,	ance, IEC 60738-1 Storage at V <sub>max</sub> /T <sub>op</sub>		< 20%
constant		Test duration : 1000 h	
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C	< 20%
		Relative humidity of air: 93%	
		Duration: 56 days	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	
Rapid change	IEC 60738-1	$T = T_{LCT}, T = T_{UCT}$	< 20%
of temperature		Number of cycles: 5	
		Test duration: 30 min	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, Test Na	
Vibration	IEC 60738-1	Frequency: 10 - 55 - 10 Hz	< 20%
		Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm	
		Test duration: 3 · 2 h	
		Test according to IEC 60028-2-6, Test Fc	
Bump	IEC 60738-1	Pulse shape: half-sine	< 20%
		Acceleration: 40 g	
		Pulse duration: 6 ms; 6 · 4000 pulses	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-29	
Climatic sequence	IEC 60738-1	Dry heat: T = T <sub>UCT</sub>	< 20%
		Test duration: 16 h	
		Damp heat first cycle	
		Cold: $T = T_{LCT}$	
		Test duration: 2 h	
		Damp heat 5 cycles	
		Tests performed according to	
		IEC 60068-2-30	



**Dual PTC thermistors** 

## Characteristics

Typical curve of demagnetization current I<sub>in,coli</sub> measured at V<sub>R</sub> Coil resistance: 20  $\Omega$  (T705, T209), 10  $\Omega$  (T608), 25  $\Omega$  (T250) Ambient temperature: 25 °C



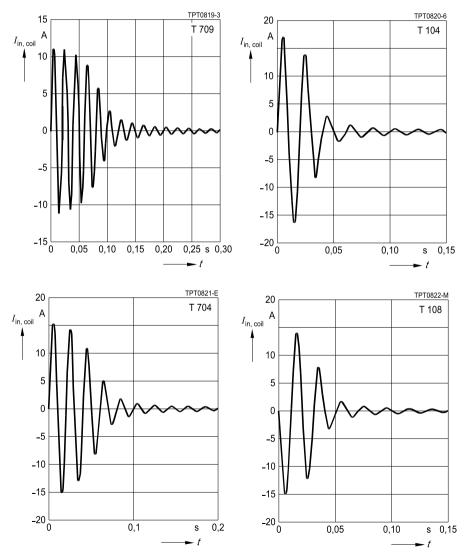
Please read *Important notes* and *Cautions and warnings* at the end of this document.



**Dual PTC thermistors** 

## Characteristics

Typical curve of demagnetization current I<sub>in,coil</sub> measured at V<sub>R</sub> Coil resistance: 14  $\Omega$  (T709), 10  $\Omega$  (T104, T704, T108) Ambient temperature: 25 °C



Please read *Important notes* and *Cautions and warnings* at the end of this document.



**Dual PTC thermistors** 

## Cautions and warnings

#### General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

## Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature -25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within 6 months after delivery.

## Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

## Soldering

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.

#### Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

**Dual PTC thermistors** 

## Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions.Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.

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